

Sex Education in Jigsaw 11-16 and the right to withdraw students.

Jigsaw guarantees that its PSHE Programmes for primary and secondary meet the statutory requirements for Relationships Education and Health Education at Primary and RSE and Health Education at secondary.

This work sits within the Jigsaw whole-school approach to PSHE which has an emphasis on emotional literacy and mental health.

DfE guidance page 17, para.45 states:

'Parents have the right to request that their child be withdrawn from some or all of sex educationdelivered as part of statutory RSE.'

This means schools need to define 'Sex Education', identify which of the DfE statutory expectations relate to this, and identify which lessons this content appears in.

If a parent's request to withdraw their child is granted, teachers then know which lessons these students will NOT be allowed to attend.

Jigsaw PSHE has worked through this process, a difficult process as we would prefer not to separate Relationships Education and Sex Education as we aim to deliver holistic learning, and we would prefer all students to receive all of the RSHE programme.

However, the grid below shows one model that may be workable, and so may help secondary schools identify where Jigsaw PSHE teaches Sex Education if the following definition is used:

Sex Education: 'Human reproduction and sexual behaviour' Including:

- How human reproduction can happen (e.g. sexual intercourse, IVF, surrogacy)
- Anatomy and biology
- Reproductive health, choices, rights and responsibilities
- Sexual behaviour and sexual health, risks, reasons, rights and responsibilities

If this is accepted as the definition (Orion Academy accepts this definition), Jigsaw identifies the DfE statutory expectations highlighted below as core to this definition, and thereby is able (below) to identify the Jigsaw Puzzles (units) and lessons in each year group that include this content, i.e. the lessons 'withdrawn' students may need to miss. These are denoted in the year group columns of the grid as e.g. CM3 meaning Changing Me Puzzle, Lesson 3.

Jigsaw has coded the DfE expectations for ease of use by adding e.g. FAMa to denote Families section expectation a.

Using this definition of Sex Education and Jigsaw's interpretation of the guidance, there would be x10 DfE expectations (see below) covering relevant content, so students could be withdrawn from some or all of a potential 29 lessons across Years 7-11:

Year 7 x4 in Changing Me

Year 8 x1 in Relationships and x3 in Changing Me

Year 9 x5 in Relationships

Year 10 x2 in Celebrating Difference, x3 in Relationships and x2 in Changing Me

Year 11 x2 in Being Me in My World, x5 in Healthy Me and x2 in Relationships

Orion Academy – Idenitifies that the highlighted areas below are for students to miss on parental request to withdraw.

By the end of secondary pupils should know:								
Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) DfE expectations (2019)		Coverage						
Familie	es (FAM)	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11		
FAMa	that there are different types of committed, stable relationships.							
b	how these relationships might contribute to human happiness and their							
	importance for bringing up children.							
С	what marriage is, including their legal status e.g. that marriage carries legal rights							
	and protections not available to couples who are cohabiting or who have married,							
	for example, in an unregistered religious ceremony.							
d	why marriage is an important relationship choice for many couples and why it must							
	be freely entered into.							

е	the characteristics and legal status of other types of long-term relationships.					
f	the roles and responsibilities of parents with respect to raising of children,					
	including the characteristics of successful parenting.					
g	how to: determine whether other children, adults or sources of information are					
	trustworthy: judge when a family, friend, intimate or other relationship is unsafe					
	(and to recognise this in others' relationships); and, how to seek help or advice,					
	including reporting concerns about others, if needed.					
Respec	tful relationships including friendships (RR)	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11
RRa	the characteristics of positive and healthy friendships (in all contexts, including					
	online) including: trust, respect, honesty, kindness, generosity, boundaries, privacy,					
	consent and the management of conflict, reconciliation and ending relationships.					
	This includes different (non-sexual) types of relationship.					
b	practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support					
	respectful relationships.					
С	how stereotypes, in particular stereotypes based on sex, gender, race, religion,					
	sexual orientation or disability, can cause damage (e.g. how they might normalise					
	non-consensual behaviour or encourage prejudice).					
d	that in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by					
	others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including people in					
	positions of authority and due tolerance of other people's beliefs					
е	about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying,					
	responsibilities of bystanders to report bullying and how and where to get help.					
f	that some types of behaviour within relationships are criminal, including violent					
	behaviour and coercive control.					
g	what constitutes sexual harassment and sexual violence and why these are always					
	unacceptable.					
h	the legal rights and responsibilities regarding equality (particularly with reference					
	to the protected characteristics as defined in the Equality Act 2010) and that					
	everyone is unique and equal.					
Online	and media (OM)	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11

OMa	their rights, responsibilities and opportunities online, including that the same expectations of behaviour apply in all contexts, including online.					
b	about online risks, including that any material someone provides to another has the potential to be shared online and the difficulty of removing potentially compromising material placed online.					
С	not to provide material to others that they would not want shared further and not to share personal material which is sent to them.					
d	what to do and where to get support to report material or manage issues online.					
е	the impact of viewing harmful content.					
f	that specifically sexually explicit material e.g. pornography presents a distorted picture of sexual behaviours, can damage the way people see themselves in relation to others and negatively affect how they behave towards sexual partners.		CM4	RL3	RL2	
g	that sharing and viewing indecent images of children (including those created by children) is a criminal offence which carries severe penalties including jail.					
h	how information and data is generated, collected, shared and used online.					
Being S	afe (BS)	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11
BSa	the concepts of, and laws relating to, sexual consent, sexual exploitation, abuse, grooming, coercion, harassment, rape, domestic abuse, forced marriage, honourbased violence and FGM, and how these can affect current and future relationships.	CM1	RL4 CM5	RL1,2	CD4,6 RL2,5	BM1,2 HM3,5 RL5,6
b	how people can actively communicate and recognise consent from others,					
	including sexual consent, and how and when consent can be withdrawn (in all contexts, including online).					
	including sexual consent, and how and when consent can be withdrawn (in all contexts, including online).	W	No. 2	V2	W40	Was 46
Intima ISRa	including sexual consent, and how and when consent can be withdrawn (in all	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11

С	the facts about reproductive health, including fertility and the potential impact of		RL4		HM2,4
	lifestyle on fertility for men and women.				
d	that there are a range of strategies for identifying and managing sexual pressure,				
	including understanding peer pressure, resisting pressure and not pressurising others.				
е	that they have a choice to delay sex or to enjoy intimacy without sex.				
f	the facts about the full range of contraceptive choices, efficacy and options available.		RL4		HM4
g	the facts around pregnancy including miscarriage.	CM2			HM4
h	that there are choices in relation to pregnancy (with medically and legally accurate, impartial information on all options, including keeping the baby, adoption, abortion and where to get further help).	CM2			HM4,6
i	how the different sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including HIV/AIDs, are transmitted, how risk can be reduced through safer sex (including through condom use) and the importance of and facts about testing.			HM6	HM2,4
j	about the prevalence of some STIs, the impact they can have on those who contract them and key facts about treatment.		RL5	НМ6	HM2
k	how the use of alcohol and drugs can lead to risky sexual behaviour.				
I	how to get further advice, including how and where to access confidential sexual and reproductive health advice and treatment.	CM5	RL5		HM6 RL4

	end of secondary pupils should know: al health and mental wellbeing	Coverage				
Menta	Il wellbeing MW)	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11
MWa	how to talk about their emotions accurately and sensitively, using appropriate vocabulary.					
b	that happiness is linked to being connected to others.					
С	how to recognise the early signs of mental wellbeing concerns.					
d	common types of mental ill health (e.g. anxiety and depression).					
е	how to critically evaluate when something they do or are involved in has a positive or negative effect on their own or others' mental health.					
f	the benefits and importance of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation and voluntary and service-based activities on mental wellbeing and happiness.					
Intorn	et safety and harms (IS)	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11
ISa	the similarities and differences between the online world and the physical world, including: the impact of unhealthy or obsessive comparison with others online (including through setting unrealistic expectations for body image, how people may curate a specific image of their life online, over-reliance on online relationships including social media, the risks related to online gambling including the accumulation of debt, how advertising and information is targeted at them and how to be a discerning consumer of information online.	Teal 7	real o	Teal 3	Year 10	Teal 11
b	how to identify harmful behaviours online (including bullying, abuse or harassment) and how to report, or find support, if they have been affected by those behaviours.					

РНа	the positive associations between physical activity and promotion of mental wellbeing, including as an approach to combat stress.					
b	the characteristics and evidence of what constitutes a healthy lifestyle, maintaining a healthy weight, including the links between an inactive lifestyle and ill health, including cancer and cardiovascular ill-health.					
С	about the science relating to blood, organ and stem cell donation.					
		1		II .		
Health	y eating (HE)	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11
НЕа	how to maintain healthy eating and the links between a poor diet and health risks, including tooth decay and cancer.					
Drugs,	alcohol and tobacco (DAT)	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11
DATa	the facts about legal and illegal drugs and their associated risks, including the link between drug use, and the associated risks, including the link to serious mental health conditions.					
b	the law relating to the supply and possession of illegal substances.					
С	the physical and psychological risks associated with alcohol consumption and what constitutes low risk alcohol consumption in adulthood.					
d	the physical and psychological consequences of addiction, including alcohol dependency.					
е	awareness of the dangers of drugs which are prescribed but still present serious health risks.					
f	the facts about the harms from smoking tobacco (particularly the link to lung cancer), the benefits of quitting and how to access support to do so.					
Health	and prevention (HP)	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11
HPa	about personal hygiene, germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread,					
	treatment and prevention of infection, and about antibiotics.					
b	about dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing,					
	including healthy eating and regular check-ups at the dentist.					

С	(late secondary) the benefits of regular self-examination and screening.					
d	the facts and science relating to immunisation and vaccination.					
е	the importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and how a lack of sleep					
	can affect weight, mood and ability to learn.					
Basic f	first aid (BFA)	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11
BFAa	basic treatment for common injuries.					
b	life-saving skills, including how to administer CPR.					
С	the purpose of defibrillators and when one might be needed.					
Chang	ing adolescent body (CAB)	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11
CABa	key facts about puberty, the changing adolescent body and menstrual wellbeing.					
b	the main changes which take place in males and females, and the implications for					
	emotional and physical health.					